CAMERON PARK COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

CAMERON PARK, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
JUNE 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Cameron Park Community Services District
Cameron Park, California

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Cameron Park Community Services District and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cameron Park Community Services District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund Cameron Park Community Services District, as of June 30, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Cameron Park Community Services District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Cameron Park Community Services District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Cameron Park Community Services District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Cameron Park Community Services District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-6) and the required supplementary information (page 28-31), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary data (pages 32-33) is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

O'Connor & Company.

O Cornor & Company

Novato, California June 10. 2024

Cameron Park Community Services District's (the "District") Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the District's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), and (d) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The fund financial statements are composed of:

 Governmental fund statements which tell how basic services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position as well as changes to that net position. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors including the condition of the District's buildings and other facilities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statement

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices for District use to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on programs:

- Some funds are required by law and covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that certain revenues have been properly used.

Governmental Funds

The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which generally focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash, and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of fund information, which helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The following table summarizes the District's net position as of June 30, 2022:

Table 1
Governmental Activities Net Position

Governmental

	Activities				
	2022	2021			
Current and other assets	\$ 8,859,361	\$ 8,513,424			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u> 19,093,000</u>	18,768,224			
Total assets	<u>27,952,361</u>	27,281,648			
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>648,415</u>	647,073			
Current liabilities	1,022,497	1,209,945			
Long-term debt outstanding	<u>9,124,276</u>	<u>10,749,504</u>			
Total liabilities	<u>10,146,773</u>	<u>11,959,449</u>			
Deferred inflows of resources	1,204,297	475,098			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	13,281,346	12,519,309			
Restricted	4,584,609	3,959,926			
Unrestricted	(616,249)	(985,061)			
Total net position	\$ 17,249,706	\$ 15,494,174			

The District's net position was \$17,249,706 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The following table summarizes the District's change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2022	2021			
Revenues Program revenues:					
Charges for services Operating contributions and grants	\$ 1,983,275 1,298,234	\$ 1,213,552 1,191,899			
Subtotal program revenues	3,281,509	2,405,451			
General revenues: Property taxes	5,540,059	5,376,199			
Franchise fees Interest income	218,982 25,147	206,526 26,823			
Total revenues	9,065,697	8,014,999			
Program Expenses					
General government Recreation	801,917	1,664,820			
Public safety - fire protection	483,730 4,519,481	352,220 3,828,900			
Parks Maintenance	607,466 628,512	1,205,213 785,040			
Interest and fees	269,059	199,306			
Total expenses	<u>7,310,165</u>	<u>8,035,499</u>			
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 1,755,532</u>	<u>\$ (20,500)</u>			

Government Activities

For the 2022 fiscal year, the total District revenues were \$9,065,697 and the total District expenses were \$7,310,165. The difference of \$1,755,532 is the change in net position bringing the total net position to \$17,249,706 on June 30, 2022. The main sources of revenue for the District are charges for services, operating grants, and property taxes. District taxpayers ultimately financed \$5,540,059 for these activities through local taxes and assessments.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$19,093,000 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and furniture and equipment.

Table 3
Capital Assets at Year End

	2022			2021
Land	\$	8,093,000	\$	8,093,000
Construction in progress		181,506		724,803
Land and park improvements		710,830		710,830
Buildings and structures		16,538,909		15,953,096
Furniture and equipment		5,119,929		4,270,256
Accumulated depreciation		(11,551,174)	_	(10,983,761)
Net capital assets	\$	19,093,000	\$	18,768,224

Debt Administration

The District made all scheduled repayments of existing debt. Each of the District's debt issues is discussed in detail in Note 4 to the basic financial statements. As of June 30, 2022, the District's debt comprised:

Net pension liability	\$	768,116
Refunding bond	Į.	5,729,000
F-250 Fire truck Utility lease		531,856
Compensated absences		32,782
Other post-employment benefits		2,062,522
Total	\$ 9	9.124.276

Economic Outlook and Major Initiatives

Financial planning is based on specific assumptions from recent trends, State of California economic forecasts and historical growth patterns in the various communities served by the District.

The economic condition of the District as it appears on the balance sheet reflects financial stability and the potential for organizational growth. The District will continue to maintain a watchful eye over expenditures and remain committed to sound fiscal management practices to deliver the highest quality service to the citizens of the area.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the General Manager, Cameron Park Community Services District, 2502 Country Club Drive, Cameron Park, California, 95682.

Cameron Park Community Services District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and investments	\$	8,702,568
Accounts receivable		156,793
Non-depreciable capital assets		8,274,506
Depreciable capital assets, net	_	10,818,494
Total assets		27,952,361
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		648,415
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		888,772
Accrued expenses		133,725
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year:		
Refunding bonds		469,000
Fire Truck lease		82,654
Due after one year:		
Refunding bonds		5,260,000
Fire Truck lease		449,202
Compensated absences		32,782
Other post-employment benefits		2,062,522
Net pension liability	_	768,116
Total due after one year		8,572,622
Total liabilities		10,146,773
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		64,261
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	_	1,140,036
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,204,297
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		13,281,346
Restricted		4,584,609
Unrestricted		(616,249)
Total net position	\$	17,249,706

Cameron Park Community Services District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2022

										t (Expense) venue and
									С	hanges in
				Pr	ogı	ram Revenue	es		Ne	et Position
					(Operating	С	apital		Total
			CI	harges for	G	Frants and	Gra	nts and	Go	vernmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	Cont	tributions		Activities
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	801,917	\$	-	\$	1,298,234	\$	-	\$	496,317
Recreation		483,730		982,355		_		-		498,625
Public safety		4,519,481		414,300		-		-		(4,105,181)
Parks		607,466		549,115		-		-		(58,351)
Facility		628,512		37,505		-		-		(591,007)
Interest and fees	_	269,059			_					(269,059)
Total governmental activities	\$	7,310,165	\$	1,983,275	\$	1,298,234	\$	<u>-</u>		(4,028,656)
General revenues:										
Taxes										5,540,059
Franchise fees										218,982
Use of money and property										25,147
Total general revenues										5,784,188
Change in net position										1,755,532
Net position beginning of period									1	15,494,174
Net position ending of period										7,249,706
Net position enaing of period									Ψ	11,243,100

Cameron Park Community Services District GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2022

							1	Nonmajor		Total										
				Fire		Parks Impact Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		overnmental
		General	De	evelopment		AB 1600		Funds		Funds										
<u>ASSETS</u>																				
Cash and investments	\$	4,134,311	\$	1,039,924	\$	1,565,401	\$	1,962,932	\$	8,702,568										
Accounts receivable		95,020		-		-		61,773		156,793										
Due from other funds		66,037		_		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		66,037										
Total assets	\$	4,295,368	\$	1,039,924	\$	1,565,401	\$	2,024,705	\$	8,925,398										
<u>LIABILITIES</u>																				
Accounts payable	\$	848,701	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,071	\$	888,772										
Accrued expenses		55,981		-		-		5,350		61,331										
Due to other funds	_		_					66,037		66,037										
Total liabilities		904,682						111,458		1,016,140										
FUND BALANCES																				
Committed - stabilization reserve		65,000		-		-		-		65,000										
Committed - economic uncertainties		400,000		-		-		-		400,000										
Restricted		-		1,039,924		1,565,401		1,979,284		4,584,609										
Unassigned		2,925,686						(66,037)		2,859,649										
Total fund balances		3,390,686		1,039,924		1,565,401		1,913,247		7,909,258										
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,295,368	\$	1,039,924	\$	1,565,401	\$	2,024,705	\$	8,925,398										

Cameron Park Community Services District Reconciliation of the

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET

with the Governmental Activities STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the year ended June 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 7,909,258

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds

19,093,000

LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:

Fire truck lease	(531,856)
Other bonds	(5,729,000)
Accrued interest	(72,394)
Other post-employment benefits	(2,062,522)
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	(64,261)
Non-current portion of compensated absences	(32,782)
Deferred inflows - pension	(1,140,036)
Deferred outflows - pension	648,415
Net pension liability	(768,116)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 17,249,706

Cameron Park Community Services District GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	General	Fire Development	Parks Impact AB 1600	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 4,602,535	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 937,524	\$ 5,540,059
Franchise fees	218,982	· -	-	·	218,982
Intergovernmental	1,254,404	-	-	43,830	1,298,234
Charges for services	599,905	124,570	549,115	327,235	1,600,825
Donations	382,450	-	-	-	382,450
Other income	4,213	-	-	1,890	6,103
Interest	1,609	4,132	5,553	7,750	19,044
Total revenues	7,064,098	128,702	554,668	1,318,229	9,065,697
Expenditures:					
General government	607,415	_	_	194,502	801,917
Recreation	484,301	_	_	-	484,301
Public safety	4,544,157	1,246	_	76,103	4,621,506
Parks	530,942	, <u>-</u>	5,490	-	536,432
Facility	938,358	-	· -	280,415	1,218,773
Capital outlay	612,265	-	-	-	612,265
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	600,323	600,323
Interest				196,665	196,665
Total expenditures	7,717,438	1,246	5,490	1,348,008	9,072,182
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(653,340)	127,456	549,178	(29,779)	(6,485)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Debt proceeds	612,265	-	-	-	612,265
Transfer in	-	-	-	125,191	125,191
Transfer out	(36,660)		(88,531)		(125,191)
Total other financing sources (uses):	575,605		(88,531)	125,191	612,265
Net change in fund balance	(77,735)	127,456	460,647	95,412	605,780
· ·					
Fund balances, beginning of period	3,468,421	912,468	1,104,754	1,817,835	7,303,478
Fund balances, end of period	\$ 3,390,686	\$ 1,039,924	\$ 1,565,401	\$ 1,913,247	\$ 7,909,258

Cameron Park Community Services District RECONCILIATION OF THE NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

with the

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 605,780
CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
The capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to the fund balance	901,917
Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance	(577,141)
LONG-TERM DEBT PROCEEDS AND PAYMENT	
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but	
in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.	
Repayment of debt principal is added back to the fund balance Fire Truck lease proceeds	600,323 (612,265)
Governmental funds record pension expense as it is paid. However, in the Statement of Activities those costs are reversed as deferred outflows/(inflows) and an increase/(decrease) in net pension liability.	898,975
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (or require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in the governmental funds (net change):	
Other post-employment benefits Accrued interest	9,766 (72,394)
Compensated absences	 571
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,755,532

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Cameron Park Community Services District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District was duly organized and formed on June 26, 1961, pursuant to the Community Services District Law of the State of California (Division 2 of Title 6 of the Government Code, Section 61000, et seq.). The District was primarily formed to provide fire protection and park and recreation services but has the authority to provide many other services, including police protection, garbage collection and disposal, water, sewer, electric, street lighting, and mosquito abatement. The District is governed by a five-member elected Board of Directors. The District has defined its reporting entity in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, which provides guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included in its reporting entity.

The District levies assessments and provides services to eighteen Lighting and Landscaping Districts which are operated under the Lighting and Landscaping Act of 1972. All parcels within each Lighting and Landscaping District are assessed at varying rates depending upon the increased property values created by the installation of nearby public improvements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District has no business-type activities or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are allocated from the general government activity to the recreation and park activity based on relative percentages or prior year actual operating expenditures. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred under the accrual basis of accounting.

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Each fund was established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Separate financial statements are provided for each governmental fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (concluded)

The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and how spending activities are controlled.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The District may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The District's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type. Major funds are those that have assets, liabilities, revenue or expenditures equal to ten percent of their fund-type total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The District may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental fund types:

General Fund – this is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all activities, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fire Development Special Revenue Fund - this fund was established to account for the purchase of capital equipment to support public safety services.

Park Impact AB1600 Fund - this fund was established to account for the park impact fee and related activities and associated costs.

Other Governmental Funds are comprised of several non-major funds that include funds for separate smaller landscaping districts, funds reserved for specific capital acquisitions, fire prevention and safety and other miscellaneous fund balances.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual appropriated budgets are adopted and amended as required for the General Fund, the CC & R Special Revenue Fund, and the Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund and for active Lighting and Landscaping Special Revenue Funds. For each legally adopted operating budget, expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level. The legal appropriation basis is at the level called "Department" (e.g., Parks) or an entire fund (e.g., CC & R Special Revenue Fund).

General fund expenditures were over appropriations in the amount of \$480,248.

E. Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash and investment account is available to meet current operating requirements.

F. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are referred to as due from/due to other funds.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund and reduces its cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets for governmental fund types are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Capital acquisitions are reflected as expenditures in the governmental fund, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, owned by the District, are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

- Structures and improvements: 5 to 30 years
- Equipment: 3 to 20 years

It is the policy of the District to capitalize all land, structures and improvements, and equipment, except assets costing less than \$5,000.

H. Compensated Absences

An employee accumulates vacation time in accordance with the employee's respective "Memorandum of Understanding." The amount of vacation and sick time vested and accrued depends on years of service and date of hire. Vacation vested may be accumulated not to exceed 240 hours and is paid in full upon termination or retirement. Sick leave time may be accumulated without limit from year to year. Upon non-disciplinary separation from the District, after one year of consecutive District employment, the District will apply 100% of represented employees sick leave as retirement service credits. Upon retirement at age 55 or over after at least 5 years of consecutive District employment, or upon industrial disability retirement, the District will apply 100% of represented employee's sick leave as retirement service credits. In the event of death of the employee, the District will pay to the employee's designated beneficiary 100% of accumulated sick leave up to 960 hours.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Property Taxes

All property taxes are collected and allocated by the County of El Dorado (the County) to the various taxing entities. Property taxes are determined annually as of January 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1. Taxes are due November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. The District participates in the County "Teeter-Plan" method of property tax distribution. Under the Teeter Plan, the County remits property taxes to the District based on assessments, not on collections, according to the following schedule: 55 percent in December, 40 percent in April, and 5 percent at the end of the fiscal year. Property tax is recognized when it is available and measurable. The District considers property tax as available if it is received within 60 days after fiscal year end.

J. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 34 added the concept of Net Position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

Net position is the excess of all the District's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to net position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

Net investment in capital assets describes the portion of net position that is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of net position that is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions that the District cannot unilaterally alter. These include amounts for debt service requirements.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position that is not restricted to use.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

K. Fund Equity

The accompanying basic financial statements reflect certain changes that have been made with respect to the reporting of the components of Fund Balances for governmental funds.

In previous years, fund balances for governmental funds were reported in accordance with previous standards that included components for reserved fund balance, unreserved fund balance, designated fund balance, and undesignated fund balance. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, the components of the fund balances of governmental funds now reflect the component classifications described below.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid items or supplies inventories, or that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as principal endowments.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (concluded)

K. Fund Equity (concluded)

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by outside parties (i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors) or that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts whose use is constrained by specific limitations that the government imposes upon itself, as determined by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors serves as the District's highest level of decision-making authority and has the authority to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment via minutes action.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, subject to change, as established either directly by the Board of Directors or by management officials to whom assignment authority has been delegated by the Board of Directors.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification that includes spendable amounts in the General Fund that are available for any purpose.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, the District specifies that restricted revenues will be applied first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

L. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

M. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District participates in the El Dorado County Treasury. El Dorado County (the County) pools its funds with those of other districts in the County and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Furthermore, the County Treasurer has a written investment policy, approved by the Board of Supervisors, which is more restrictive than state code as to terms of maturity and type of investment. Also, the County has an investment committee, which performs regulatory oversight for its pool as required by California Government Code Section 27134.

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent possible pursuant to the District Board Approved Investment Policy and Guidelines and State Government Code.

Deposits and Investments	Carrying Amount		Market Value	Investment Risk
Cash in bank	\$	3,618,774	\$ 3,618,774	AA
Cash in County Treasury		5,083,794	5,083,794	N/A
Total cash and investments	\$	8,702,568	\$ 8,702,568	

A. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure an entity's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of an entity's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure entity deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of an entity's total deposits. The entity's Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state-chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized agent of depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an agent of depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors.

B. Authorized Investments

California statutes authorize the District to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in California Government Code Section 53600, Chapter 4: Financial Affairs. The Government Code allows investments in the following instruments:

- Securities of the United States Government, or its agencies
- Small Business Administration loans
- Certificates of Deposit (or Time Deposits) placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (concluded)

B. Authorized Investments (concluded)

- Banker's Acceptances
- Commercial paper and medium-term corporate notes
- Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool and County Pool) Demand Deposits
- Repurchase Agreements (Repos)
- Passbook Savings Account Demand Deposits Reverse Repurchase Agreements
- County Cash Pool

C. Fair Value Reporting - Investments

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application, establishes a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets and liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date, Level 2 inputs consist of inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, that can include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets, or market-corroborated inputs, and Level 3 inputs have the lowest priority and consist of unobservable inputs for an asset or liability. The valuation method used for rental properties is the Leased Fee Market method, which is dependent on the income generated from the rental properties.

The District's investments in the El Dorado County Treasurer's Investment Pool and cash in bank were not subject to the recurring fair value measurements.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of capital assets as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance at 07/01/21	Increase	Decrease	Balance at 6/30/22
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,093,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,093,000
Construction in progress	724,803	<u>161,625</u>	704,922	<u>181,506</u>
Total capital assets, not being depr.	<u>8,817,803</u>	161,625	704,922	8,274,506
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	710,830	-	-	710,830
Buildings and structures	15,953,096	585,813	-	16,538,909
Furniture and equipment	4,270,256	861,870	12,197	5,119,929
Total capital assets, being depreciated	20,934,182	1,447,683	12,197	22,369,668
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	292,963	36,359	-	329,322
Buildings and structures	6,785,618	373,493	-	7,159,111
Furniture and equipment	3,905,180	167,289	9,728	4,062,741
Total accumulated depreciation	10,983,761	<u>577,141</u>	9,728	11,551,174
Total capital assets being depr net	9,950,421	870,542	2,469	10,818,494
Capital assets - net	<u>\$ 18,768,224</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,167</u>	<u>\$ 707,391</u>	<u>\$ 19,093,000</u>
Depreciation allocation:				
Parks				\$ 80,800
Facility				311,656
Public safety				184,685
Total				\$ 577,141

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt as of June 30, 2022:

	Balance at			Balance at		
	07/01/21	Increase	Decrease	6/30/22	(Current
Refunding bond	\$ 6,171,000	\$ -	\$ 442,000	\$ 5,729,000	\$	469,000
Fire Truck Lease	77,915	-	77,915	-		-
F-250 Fire Truck Utility Lease	-	612,265	80,409	531,856		82,654
Other post-employment benefits	2,136,549	-	74,027	2,062,522		-
Net pension liability	2,330,687		1,562,571	768,116		-
Compensated absences	33,353	<u>-</u>	<u>571</u>	32,782		<u> </u>
Total	\$10,749,504	\$ 612,265	\$2,237,493	\$ 9,124,276	\$	551,654

General Obligation Bonds, Series A

On August 24, 2005, the District issued \$8,685,000 in general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$274,347. The bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing a new community center. The general obligation bonds are payable solely from *ad valorem* property taxes. The bonds were fully refunded with proceeds from Umpqua Bank at an interest rate of 3% through August 1, 2030.

Principal payments on the bonds are due August 1 and interest is due on August 1 and February 1 of every year. Debt service requirements are as follows:

	Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023		\$ 469,000	\$ 164,835	\$ 633,835
2024		510,000	150,150	660,150
2025		546,000	134,310	680,310
2026		585,000	117,345	702,345
2027		629,000	99,135	728,135
2028		673,000	79,605	752,605
2029		724,000	58,650	782,650
2030		770,000	36,240	806,240
2031		 823,000	 12,345	835,345
Tota	I	\$ 5,729,000	\$ 852,615	\$ 6,581,615

Fire Truck Lease

On March 29, 2021, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement for a Fire truck in the amount of \$612,265. Principal payments on the lease are due April 1 and interest is due on April 1 of each year. The lease has an interest rate of 2.79%. Lease service requirements are as follows:

	Year Ending June 30	Р	rincipal	Interest	Total	
2023		\$	82,654	\$ 14,850	97,50	4
2024			84,962	12,542	97,50	4
2025			87,334	10,170	97,50	4
2026			89,773	7,731	97,50	4
2027			92,279	5,225	97,50	4
2028			94,854	2,650	97,50	4
Total		\$	531.856	\$ 53.168	3 \$ 585.02	4

Compensated Absences

The District's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1. This liability, to be paid in future years from the general fund, is \$ 32,782 on June 30, 2022.

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description: All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's following cost-sharing multiple employers defined benefit pension plans (Plans):

• District Miscellaneous

The Plans are administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries.

Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: The Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	District Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 – 55	52 - 67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensations	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	8.892%	6.842%	

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	 II Plans
Contributions – employer	\$ 256,747

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plans as follows:

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

	Pr	oportionate
	S	hare of Net
		Pension
		Liability
Miscellaneous	\$	497,839
Safety		270,277
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	768,116

The District's net pension liability for the Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2021 and 2022 was as follows:

<u>District's Plans</u>	All Plans
Proportion - June 30, 2021	.02142%
Proportion - June 30, 2022	.0142%
Change – Increase (Decrease)	.0072%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$642,227. On June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ -	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	102,004	-
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	-	595,454
Differences between employer's contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	21,450	518,819
Change in employer's proportion	268,214	25,763
Pension contributions after measurement date	256,747	_
Total	\$ 648,415	<u>\$ 1,140,036</u>

The \$256,747 amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (233,466)
2024	(192,654)
2025	(157,882)
2026	(164,366)
Thereafter	<u> </u>

NOTE 5 - <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

All Plans June 30, 2020 Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date **Entry-Age Normal Cost Method** Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate 7.15% 2.30% Inflation Projected Salary Increase Varies by Entry Age and Service Investment Rate of Return 7.15% (1) Mortality Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all Funds (2)

- (1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS 2014 experience study report available on CalPERS website.

The EARSL for PERF C for June 30, 2022, measurement date is 3.7 years.

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate, and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Using historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits of cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

NOTE 5 - <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (concluded)

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation
Global Equity	50%
Fixed Income	28%
Inflation Assets	0%
Private Equity	8%
Real Assets	13%
Liquidity	1%
Total	<u>100%</u>

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	All Plans
1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$2,529,837
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$768,116
1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	(\$681,790)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 6 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all full-time and permanent part-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of the compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the Plan.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the District's property, are not managed by the District and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the District, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN RETIREMENT

Plan Description. The District's defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, Cameron Park Community Services District Other Post-Employment Benefit Program, provides medical benefits to eligible retired District employees and their beneficiaries. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District's governing board. Depending on the number of years of service and the circumstances surrounding retirement, employees may be eligible to receive health care insurance cost reimbursement of between 50%-100%.

NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN RETIREMENT (continued)

Funding Policy. There is no statutory requirement for the District to prefund its OPEB obligation. The District currently pays for retiree healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no employee contributions.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

On June 30, 2022 (the census date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments:	11
Active employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments:	14
Active employees waiving medical coverage:	3
Active plan members:	28

Actuarial Assumptions

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by Alternative Measurement Method valuation dated June 30, 2021 to determine the June 30, 2021 net OPEB liability, based on the following assumptions:

Discount rate: 1.92%

Inflation rate 2.50%. Payroll Growth 3.00%. Mortality rates were based on CalPERS tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 2,136,549
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	-
Interest	-
Change of assumptions	(74,027)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	-
Administrative expenses	 <u> </u>
Net changes	 (74,027)
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$ 2,062,522

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (0.92%) or one percentage point higher (2.92%) follows:

	Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	
1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
(0.92%)	(1.92%)	(2.92%)
\$ 2.373.780	\$ 2.062.522	\$ 1.810.795

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current set of healthcare cost trend rates:

NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN RETIREMENT (concluded)

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
Plan's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1.798.339	\$ 2,062,522	\$ 2.393.931

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized an OPEB expense of (\$9,766). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 erred ows of urces	ln	eferred flows of sources
Changes of assumptions	\$ -	\$	64,261
Differences between actual and expected experience	-		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-		-
Change in employer's proportion OPEB contributions after measurement date	-		-
Total	\$ -	\$	64,261

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (9,766)
2024	(9,766)
2025	(9,766)
2026	(9,766)
2027	(9,766)
Thereafter	(15,431)
	\$ (64,261)

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to: torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA), an intergovernmental risk-sharing, joint powers authority (risk-sharing pool) established to provide an independently managed, self-insurance program for members. The purpose of SDRMA is to spread the adverse effect of losses among the members and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its expense.

The District contributes its pro-rata share of anticipated losses to a pool administered by SDRMA. Should actual losses among participants be greater than the anticipated losses, the District will be assessed its pro-rata share of that deficiency. Conversely, if the actual losses are less than anticipated, the District will be refunded its pro-rata share of the excess. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial excess liability coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the appreciable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The District is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the District's management there is no pending litigation that can currently be determined to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTE 10 - STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

At June 30, 2022, only two non-major funds had negative fund equity as follows: Promotional Grant and Per Capita Grant.

The fund's negative fund equity balances are expected to return to a positive status in fiscal year 2023.

NOTE 11- TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following amounts:

	Transfers I	n Tra	ansfers Out
General Fund	\$	- \$	36,660
Parks Impact AB 1600		-	88,531
Maintenance	9,0	20	-
Per Capita Grant	116,1	<u>71</u>	
Total	<u>\$ 125,1</u>	<u>91</u> \$	125,191

The composition of inter-fund balances was as follows:

	Inter-fund Receivable	ter-fund ayable
Promotional grant	\$ -	\$ 36
General Fund	66,037	-
Per Capita Grant	_	 66,001
Total	<u>\$ 66,037</u>	\$ 66,037

The above balances generally resulted from a time lag between the dates that inter-fund goods and services are provided, or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payment between funds are made.



Cameron Park Community Services District GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

		Budgeted	An	nounts			Var	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	4,582,358	\$	4,582,358	\$	4,602,535	\$	20,177
Franchise fees		206,780		206,780		218,982		12,202
Intergovernmental		1,150,000		1,150,000		1,254,404		104,404
Charges for services		545,667		545,667		599,905		54,238
Donations and grants		113,120		113,120		382,450		269,330
Other income		8,000		8,000		4,213		(3,787)
Interest		19,000		19,000		1,609		(17,391)
Total revenues		6,624,925		6,624,925		7,064,098		439,173
Expenditures:								
General government		596,243		596,243		607,415		(11,172)
Recreation		463,745		463,745		484,301		(20,556)
Public safety		4,239,952		4,239,952		4,544,157		(304,205)
Facility		861,240		861,240		938,358		(77,118)
Parks		463,745		463,745		530,942		(67,110)
Total expenditures	-	6,624,925		6,624,925		7,105,173		(480,248)
rotal expenditures		0,024,925	_	0,024,925		7,105,175		(400,240)
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures						(41,075)		(41,075)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer in		-		-		-		-
Transfer out					_	(36,660)		(36,660)
Total other financing sources (uses):						(36,660)		(36,660)
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	_		(77,735)	\$	(77,735)
Fund balances, beginning of period		-	-			3,468,421	•	, , , ,
					Φ			
Fund balances, end of period					\$	3,390,686		

Cameron Park Community Services District SCHEDULE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - ALL PLANS June 30, 2022

Measurement Date, June 30	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.01420%		0.02142%		0.02020%		0.01938%		0.01962%		0.03895%		0.03225%		0.01139%
Proportion share of the net pension liability	\$ 768,116	\$ 2	2,330,687	\$	2,069,818	\$	1,867,820	\$	1,945,624	\$	1,650,266	\$	976,452	\$	708,539
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 782,635	\$	734,282	\$	684,507	\$	692,037	\$	539,852	\$	539,852	\$	450,150	\$	450,150
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	98.14%		317.41%		302.38%		269.90%		360.40%		305.69%		216.92%		157.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	87.84%		81.33%		81.77%		85.27%		84.18%		85.39%		91.01%		75.43%

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Cameron Park Community Services District SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - ALL PLANS June 30, 2022

	All Plans														
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018			2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	256,747	\$	208,378	\$	216,326	\$	186,826	\$	142,135	\$	123,075	\$ 81,896	\$	82,050
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(256,747)		(208,378)		(216,326)		(186,826)		(142,135)		(123,075)	(81,896)		(82,050)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
Covered - employee payroll	\$	883,376	\$	782,635	\$	734,282	\$	684,507	\$	692,037	\$	539,852	\$ 539,852	\$	450,150
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		29.06%		26.63%		29.46%		27.29%		20.54%		22.80%	18.19%		18.23%

Cameron Park Community Services District

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN THE

NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

For the period ended June 30, 2022

Total OPEB Liability		2022		2021		2020		2019
Service cost	\$	-	\$,	\$		\$	
Interest		-		426,540		(333,232)		(481,697)
Change in assumptions		(74,027)		-		-		-
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions		_		(157,431)		(147,850)		(149,117)
Net change in OPEB liability		(74,027)		349,960		(436,259)		(587,981)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		2,136,549 [°]	_	1,786,589		2,222,848		2,810,829
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 2	2,062,522	\$	2,136,549	\$	1,786,589	\$	2,222,848
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Net investment income	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Contributions								
Employer		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, included refunds of employee contributions		_		_		_		_
Administrative expense		-		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position				_		_		_
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year								
	•		•		_		•	
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$	-
District's net OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 2	2,062,522	\$	2,136,549	\$	1,786,589	\$	2,222,848
Covered-employee payroll	\$	734,282	\$	734,282	\$	684,507	\$	692,037
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		280.89%		290.97%		261.00%		321.20%

Notes to Schedule:

The schedules present information to illustrate the changes in the District's net OPEB liability over a ten-year period when the information is available. The District adopted GASB 75 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Cameron Park Community Services District NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2022

Fire Quimby Fire Equipment Community Scholarship Per Capita Debt Promotional Total CC&R Act **Training** Replacement Maintenance Center Fund Grant Service Grant Governmental 2 3 5 7 30-50 70 71 80 90 81 Funds **ASSETS** Cash and investments 185,219 54,432 \$ 29.484 499,291 615,465 \$ 1 \$ 8,968 \$ 570,072 \$ - \$ 1,962,932 Accounts receivable 560 13,213 48,000 61,773 570,072 185,779 54,432 42,697 547,291 615,465 1 8,968 \$ \$ 2,024,705 Total assets \$ LIABILITIES Accounts payable 15,104 \$ - \$ 183 \$ 24,784 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 40,071 - \$ \$ Due to other funds 66,001 36 66,037 Accrued expenses 2,445 2,905 5,350 17,549 27,689 36 183 Total liabilities 66,001 111,458 **FUND BALANCES** Restricted 168,230 54,432 42,514 547,291 587,776 8,968 570,072 1,979,284 1 (36)Unassigned (66,001)(66,037)Total fund balances 168,230 54,432 42,514 547,291 587,776 1 8,968 570,072 (36)(66,001)1,913,247 Total liabilities and fund balances 570,072 \$ 185,779 54,432 \$ 42,697 547,291 615,465 \$ 8,968 \$ 2,024,705

Cameron Park Community Services District NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended June 30, 2022

				Fire							
		Quimby	Fire	Equipment		Community	Scholarship	Per Capita	Debt	Promotional	Total
	CC& R	Act	Training	Replacement	Maintenance	Center	Fund	Grant	Service	Grant	Governmental
_	2	3	5	7	30-50	70	71	80	90	81	Funds
Revenues:											
	\$ 79,071	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 218,752	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 639,701	\$ -	\$ 937,524
Intergovernmental	-	43,830	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,830
Charges for services	30,175	-	29,356	260,374	7,330	-	-	-	-	-	327,235
Other income	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,890	-	-	-	1,890
Interest	717	188	2	116	5,192			23	1,512		7,750
Total revenues	109,963	44,018	29,358	260,490	231,274		1,890	23	641,213		1,318,229
Expenditures:											
General government	113,392	-	20,057	3,691	-	-	-	57,362	-	-	194,502
Public safety	-	-	-	76,103	-	-	-	_	-	-	76,103
Facility	-	-	-	-	280,415	-	-	-	-	-	280,415
Debt service:											
Principal	-	-	-	158,323	-	-	-	-	442,000	-	600,323
Interest				18,165					178,500		196,665
Total expenditures	113,392		20,057	256,282	280,415			57,362	620,500		1,348,008
Excess (deficit) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	(3,429)	44,018	9,301	4,208	(49,141)		1,890	(57,339)	20,713		(29,779)
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfer in	-	-	-	-	9,020	-	-	116,171	-	-	125,191
Transfer out							<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources											
(uses):					9,020			116,171			125,191
Net change in fund balance	(3,429)	44,018	9,301	4,208	(40,121)	-	1,890	58,832	20,713	-	95,412
Fund balances, beginning of											
period	171,659	10,414	33,213	543,083	627,897	1	7,078	(124,833)	549,359	(36)	1,817,835
Fund balances, end of period	\$ 168,230	\$ 54,432	\$ 42,514	\$ 547,291	\$ 587,776	\$ 1	\$ 8,968	\$ (66,001)	\$ 570,072	\$ (36)	